The interfacial properties of polystyrene thin films as revealed by neutron reflectivity

Rintaro Inoue¹, Kazuko Kawashima¹, Kazuya Matsui¹, Makoto Nakamura¹, Koji Nishida¹, Toshiji Kanaya^{1,#}, Norifumi Yamada²

¹Institute for Chemical Research, Kyoto University, Uji, Kyoto-fu 611-0011, Japan ²High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Ibaraki-ken 305-0801, Japan

a corresponding author: kanaya@scl.kyoto-u.ac.jp

We have studied the glass transition temperature (T_g) and molecular mobility of polystyrene (PS) thin films near the interface between polymer and the substrate with bi-layer thin films consisting of surface hydrogenated PS (h-PS) and bottom deuterated PS (d-PS) using neutron reflectivity measurements by SOFIA in J-PARC/MLF. With decreasing the thickness of the bottom d-PS layer, the evaluated interfacial Tg increased compared to bulk Tg and the drastic increase of Tg was observed for the bottom d-PS layer below 155Å thick. The polymer chain mobility decreased with decreasing the layer thickness even for the bottom d-PS layer with no discernable change of Tg. The in-plane orientation of polymer chains at the interface between PS and the substrate might induce the chain pinning or strong binding to the substrate, resulting the decrease of mobility and the increase of Tg near the interface between PS and the substrate.